

Review of: "Traditional phytoremedies used by the midwives for the treatment of uterine prolapse in district Kathua, JKUT, India"

Rachel Omagha

Potential competing interests: No potential competing interests to declare.

COMMENTS

The authors have addressed an important subject that needs more scientific literature for effective communication of these approaches protecting public health in our communities. The title "Traditional phytoremedies used by the midwives for the treatment of uterine prolapse in district Kathua, JKUT, India" clearly defines the purpose of the study. The methods employed for data collection adequately serves the purpose, and findings were clearly reported. The authors did not include the reasons for selecting the study area. Are cases of uterine prolapse higher or increasing there? Are there activities that predispose the population to uterine prolapse? In addition to this observation, the manuscript requires minor corrections.

- 1. Title
- Authors: Traditional phytoremedies used by the midwives for the treatment of uterine prolapse in district Kathua,
 JKUT, India
 - Reviewer: Traditional phytoremedies used by midwives for the treatment of uterine prolapse in the district of Kathua, JKUT, India

Abstract

- Authors: The aim of the study was to document traditional knowledge used by the midwives to cure the prolapsed uterus in Billawar and Basohli tehsils of Kathua district.
 - Reviewer: The aim of this study was to document traditional knowledge used by midwives to cure prolapsed uterus
 in Billawar and Basohli tehsils of Kathua district.
- Authors: Uses narrated by the informants were recorded as use-reports and further analysed for use-values.



- Reviewer: Plant uses described by the respondents were recorded as use-reports and further analysed for usevalues.
- Authors: A total of seven plants from seven families, along with cinnabar (HgS) were used to cure a prolapsed uterus.
 - Reviewer: A total of seven plants from seven families, along with cinnabar (HgS) were used to cure prolapsed uterus.
- Authors: Herbs and trees, with 42.9% contribution each, were the most commonly used life-forms, and seeds and leaves were the most preferred plant parts.
 - Reviewer: Herbs and trees with 42.9% contribution each were the most commonly used life-forms, and seeds and leaves were the most preferred plant parts.
- Authors: Use of Syzygium aromaticum (L.) Merr. & L.M. Perry, Papaver somniferum L., and Vitex negundo L. is new for the treatment of prolapsed uterus.
 - **Reviewer:** Use of *Syzygium aromaticum* (L.) Merr. and L.M. Perry, *Papaver somniferum* L., and *Vitex negundo* L. is new for the treatment of prolapsed uterus.

Materials and methods

- Reviewer: Include the reasons for selecting the study area. Are cases of uterine prolapse higher or increasing there?
 Are there activities that predispose the population to uterine prolapse?
- Authors: Uses narrated by the informants were recorded as use-reports and further analysed for use-values as per the
 formula, where UR is use-reports and n is total number of informants.
 - **Reviewer:** Plant uses narrated by the informants were recorded as use-reports and further analysed for use-values as per the formula, where UR is use-reports and n is total number of informants.

1. Results

- Authors: A total of 25 informants were interviewed for the information (Table 1).
 - **Reviewer:** A total of 25 respondents were interviewed for the information (Table 1).
- Authors: Age of informants ranged from 42 to 79 years and all were expert in the child delivery and gynaecological problems.
 - Reviewer: Age of respondents ranged from 42 to 79 years and all were expert in the child delivery and gynaecological problems.
- Authors: Table 1. Details of informants (all females).



- Reviewer: Table 1. Details of respondents (all females).
- **Authors:** In addition to good diet and physical setup of body of the patient were other important characteristics that respond well to the treatment.
 - Reviewer: Meaning of "Physical setup" not clear.

Discussion

- Authors: Their main jobs after childbirth includes massage and prescribe remedy, if the newborn baby gets ill, and massage and diet of the mother.
- Reviewer: Check sentence.
- Authors: The degree of toxicity of mercurial compounds in their many chemical forms (organic and inorganic) varies, with side effects including hearing loss, eye disruption, motor deficiencies, and delayed or altered walking ability (Elansekaran et al., 2016).
- Reviewer: Check sentence.

Novelty

- Authors: The literature survey shows that Syzygium.......
 - **Reviewer:** The literature review shows that *Syzygium.......*

Conclusion

- Authors: Total four treatments, comprising of plants, were suggested by midwives, along with obligatory massage therapy.
 - Reviewer: A total of four treatments, comprising of plants, were suggested by midwives, along with obligatory
 massage therapy.

Qeios ID: VPFWN2 · https://doi.org/10.32388/VPFWN2