

Open Peer Review on Qeios

ACVRL1 wt Allele

National Cancer Institute

Source

National Cancer Institute. <u>ACVRL1 wt Allele</u>. NCI Thesaurus. Code C51725.

Human ACVRL1 wild-type allele is located within 12q11-q14 and is approximately 14 kb in length. This allele, which encodes serine/threonine-protein kinase receptor R3 protein, is involved in receptor signal transduction. ACVRL1 deficiency causes hemorrhagic telangiectasia type 2, which is also also known as Rendu-Osler-Weber syndrome 2.

Qeios ID: 05AMPG · https://doi.org/10.32388/05AMPG