

## Review of: "A Simple Preprocessing Method Enhances Machine Learning Application to EEG Data for Differential Diagnosis of Autism"

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Potential competing interests: No potential competing interests to declare.

Authors provide an interesting technique on how to preprocess EEG data for the differential diagnosis of Autism. In detail, they used a minimum spanning tree on the electrodes' distance matrix measured as the Manhattan distance (MD). Overall, this is a fascinating and relevant topic that can help the development of diagnostic tools based on artificial intelligence.

I have some comments that could be classified as major revisions, either on the methods section or on patient selection:

- (A) **Authors did not describe how MD was calculated from the EEG signal timeseries.** Providing the math behind this step is crucial in order to fully understand the paper and to ensure replicability.
- (B) Regarding the minimum spanning tree (MST), it is known that there may be more than one MST for a given graph. How specific MST, over potentially many, was chosen to be further considered by the classifier?
- (C) Which diagnostic criteria were used to make the diagnosis of Autism? Regarding the selection of patients, in order to guarantee reproducibility, a better characterization of patients is required, especially regarding severity of disease (e.g., <u>Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of Mental Disorders</u> V definition) and presence/absence of intellectual impairment.

As minor revisions, Authors should revise grammar and the use of English, as well as provide informative captions for tables and figures.

Qeios ID: 2ITHXX · https://doi.org/10.32388/2ITHXX