

Review of: "A Systematic Review of Antibiotic Use in Humans in Nigeria and Its Potential Contribution to Rising Antimicrobial Resistance"

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Good scientific work generates hard-to-know data on people who consume antibiotics without prescriptions and highlights the distribution and consumption of antibiotics outside health systems. In certain countries, particularly those with developing economies, this may be an important cause of antimicrobial resistance, although its magnitude is not known for sure. It also exposes root causes of inappropriate prescribing that go beyond prescribers, such as lack of diagnostic resources.