

Review of: "Prevalence and drug resistance patterns of Gram-negative enteric bacterial pathogens from diarrheic patients in Ethiopia: A systematic review and meta-analysis"

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Potential competing interests: The author(s) declared that no potential competing interests exist.

Strength of this study

- This impressive work indicates the level of drug resistance in Ethiopia.
- The collection of data and analysis well presented.
- The quality among the studies was rated properly.
- The author clearly presented the objective of the study in the result.
- The paper thoroughly discussed the matter in detail.

Limitation and my concern

- The study also included the Escherichia coli, which is considered as non-pathogenic unless serotyping performed.
- The author also takes the overall pooled prevalence taking study that included only Shigella & Salmonella in most case. How can we give a title of the pooled prevalence of GNPBs? It may lead to misunderstanding.
- Some figures lack clarity.

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