47,XYY syndrome

INSERM

Source

INSERM. (1999). Orphanet: an online rare disease and orphan drug data base. 47,XYY syndrome. ORPHA:8

47, XYY syndrome is a sex chromosome aneuploidy where males receive an additional Y chromosome, and is characterized clinically by tall stature evident from childhood, macrocephaly, facial features (mild hypertelorism, low set ears, a mildly flat malar region), speech delay and an increased risk for social and emotional difficulties, attention deficit hyperactive disorder and autistic spectrum disorder.