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Autosomal dominant popliteal pterygium syndrome

INSERM

Source

INSERM. (1999). Orphanet: an online rare disease and orphan drug data base. Autosomal dominant popliteal pterygium syndrome. ORPHA:1300

Autosomal dominant popliteal pterygium syndrome (AD-PPS) is a rare genetic malformative disorder characterized by cleft lip, with or without cleft palate, contractures of the lower extremities, abnormal external genitalia, syndactyly of fingers and/or toes, and a pyramidal skin fold over the hallux nail.