

## Review of: "The role of sheep ked (Melophagus ovinus) as potential vector of protozoa and bacterial pathogens"

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The authors describe the findings of DNA of various bacteria and protozoa in sheep keds in Poland. The manuscript is short and includes a low number of sheep keds (n=129). Some pathogens are not specified to species level (and for certain bacteria more than one PCR is run). Overall, the manuscript provides some interesting data. However – phylogenetic trees would increase the relevance of the manuscript.

## Major comment:

The findings of DNA of certain pathogens in a sheep ked or other vector does neither prove vector competence nor vector capacity. The finding of Borrelia burgdorferi is no prove for vector competence.

## Title - include Poland

Introduction – blood sucking flies sounds strange – change to louse flies, dipterans or insects Check Hippoboscidae and Hippoboscinae

The sheep ked is discussed to be a competent vector of zoonotic pathogens – vector capacity is not proven and if it is – cite

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