Juvenile myoclonic epilepsy

INSERM

Source

INSERM. (1999). Orphanet: an online rare disease and orphan drug data base. Juvenile myoclonic epilepsy. ORPHA:307

Juvenile myoclonic epilepsy is the most common hereditary idiopathic generalized epilepsy syndrome and is characterized by myoclonic jerks of the upper limbs on awakening, generalized tonic-clonic seizures manifesting during adolescence and triggered by sleep deprivation, alcohol intake, and cognitive activities, and typical absence seizures (30% of cases).