

Open Peer Review on Qeios

Dentatorubral pallidoluysian atrophy

INSERM

Source

INSERM. (1999). Orphanet: an online rare disease and orphan drug data base.

Dentatorubral pallidoluysian atrophy. ORPHA:101

Dentatorubral pallidoluysian atrophy (DRPLA) is a rare subtype of type I autosomal dominant cerebellar ataxia (ADCA type I; see this term). It is characterized by involuntary movements, ataxia, epilepsy, mental disorders, cognitive decline and prominent anticipation.

Qeios ID: 7YV5C1 · https://doi.org/10.32388/7YV5C1