Sickle cell-hemoglobin E disease syndrome

INSERM

Source

INSERM. (1999). Orphanet: an online rare disease and orphan drug data base. Sickle cell-hemoglobin E disease syndrome. ORPHA:251375

A rare, genetic hemoglobinopathy usually characterized by mild hemolysis without vaso-occlusive complications or abnormality of red blood cell morphology. However, more severe manifestations have also been reported, including hematuria, splenic infarction, acute chest syndrome, acute episodes of pain and reversible bone marrow necrosis.