Autosomal dominant spastic paraplegia type 12

INSERM

Source

INSERM. (1999). Orphanet: an online rare disease and orphan drug data base. Autosomal dominant spastic paraplegia type 12. ORPHA:100993

Autosomal dominant spastic paraplegia type 12 is a pure form of hereditary spastic paraplegia characterized by a childhood- to adulthood-onset of slowly progressive lower limb spasticity and hyperreflexia of lower extremities, extensor plantar reflexes, distal sensory impairment, variable urinary dysfunction and pes cavus.