

Review of: "EEG-based Emotion Classification using Deep Learning: Approaches, Trends and Bibliometrics"

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The paper "EEG-based Emotion Classification using Deep Learning: Approaches, Trends and Bibliometrics" by Angad Tathgir, Chandra Mani Sharma, and Vijayaraghavan M Chariar provides a comprehensive analysis of the burgeoning field of EEG-based emotion classification. Through a meticulous bibliometric study encompassing 440 articles and a comparative review of 26 studies, the authors offer valuable insights into the evolution, methodologies, and trends within this domain.

The authors aptly highlight the significance of emotion classification in various disciplines such as healthcare, psychology, marketing, and human-computer interaction. They emphasize the growing importance of accurately classifying and analyzing emotions, recognizing its implications for understanding human behavior, mental health, and social interactions.

One of the notable contributions of the paper is its exploration of EEG data as a valuable tool for capturing the temporal dynamics of emotional processes. The authors elucidate how EEG, with its ability to record brain activity patterns at the millisecond level, offers unique insights into cognitive and emotional processes, thereby facilitating emotion categorization with promising accuracy and precision.

Furthermore, the paper sheds light on the recent surge in research interest in EEG-based emotion classification, underscoring the need for structured analysis to navigate the expanding landscape. By employing advanced bibliometric measures and analytical tools, the authors map co-authorship networks, analyze citation patterns, and identify prolific authors and journals, thereby unraveling key trends and contributors in the field.

Despite its strengths, the paper acknowledges certain limitations, such as the scope confined to papers available in the Scopus database and the select subset of studies analyzed in the comparative review. However, these limitations do not detract from the paper's overall significance in advancing our understanding of EEG-based emotion classification.

In conclusion, "EEG-based Emotion Classification using Deep Learning: Approaches, Trends and Bibliometrics" serves as a valuable resource for researchers and practitioners alike, offering a nuanced understanding of the intellectual landscape and methodological nuances that define this burgeoning field. By synthesizing current knowledge and identifying research gaps, the paper paves the way for future investigations with real-world impact, ultimately contributing to both academic discourse and practical applications.

