# STT3B-CDG

INSERM

## Source

*INSERM. (1999). Orphanet: an online rare disease and orphan drug data base. STT3B-CDG. ORPHA:370924*

STT3B-CDG is a form of congenital disorders of N-linked glycosylation characterized by intrauterine growth retardation, microcephaly, failure to thrive, developmental delay, intellectual disability, hypotonia, seizures, optic nerve atrophy and respiratory difficulties. Genital abnormalities (micropenis, hypoplastic scrotum, undescended testes) have also been reported. STT3B-CDG is caused by mutations in the gene STT3B (3p24.1).