Non-syndromic genetic deafness

INSERM

Source

INSERM. (1999). Orphanet: an online rare disease and orphan drug data base. Non-syndromic genetic deafness. ORPHA:87884

Deafness is the most frequent form of sensorial deficit. In the vast majority of cases, the deafness is termed nonsyndromic or isolated and the hearing loss is the only clinical anomaly reported. In developed counties, 60-80% of cases of early-onset hearing loss are of genetic origin.