

# Review of: "Insufficient Daylighting in a Residence in New Delhi"

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**Potential competing interests:** No potential competing interests to declare.

The article is very interesting and instructive and deals with adequate daylighting in residential buildings, which provides a number of physiological and psychological benefits, especially in terms of improving visual comfort.

1. In the abstract it should be added that "good lighting that respects circadian rhythms is beneficial to health".
2. Add in the objectives of good lighting; to obtain lighting not only with adequate lighting levels; but also homogeneous; and with a colour temperature in accordance with the activity to be carried out.
3. Reinforce in the conclusions which lighting levels correspond to natural lighting and which levels correspond to artificial lighting.
4. to give recommendations to obtain better levels of natural lighting.
5. enrich the references with reference articles such as:

-Galatioto, A., & Beccali, M. (2016, December 1). Aspects and issues of daylighting assessment: A review study. *Renewable and Sustainable Energy Reviews*. Elsevier Ltd. <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.rser.2016.08.018>

-Iommi, M. (2019). Daylighting performances and visual comfort in Le Corbusier's architecture. The daylighting analysis of seven unrealized residential buildings. *Energy and Buildings*, 184, 242-263. <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.enbuild.2018.12.014>

-Moyano, D. B., Fernández, M. S. J., & Lezcano, R. A. G. (2020, May 1). Towards a sustainable indoor lighting design: Effects of artificial light on the emotional state of adolescents in the classroom. *Sustainability (Switzerland)*. MDPI. <https://doi.org/10.3390/su12104263>