Indeterminate cell histiocytosis

INSERM

Source

INSERM. (1999). Orphanet: an online rare disease and orphan drug data base. Indeterminate cell histiocytosis. ORPHA:158019

Indeterminate cell histiocytosis is a rare neoplastic disease characterized by multiple, and on occasion single, asymptomatic, smooth, red-brown papulonodules located on the face, neck, trunk and/or extremities which present a nonepidermotrophic histiocytic infiltrate with immunohistochemical features of both Langerhans and non-Langerhans cells (i.e. immunopositive for S100 protein and CD1a in the absence of Birbeck granules and langerin expression).