

Peer Review

Review of: "Demographic and Clinical Characteristics of Refugee Children Utilizing Healthcare Services of Türkiye (2021–2022): A Single-Centre Study"

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Please make clear which healthcare facilities are being referred to. Health-care utilization is primarily determined by the need for services, the availability of services, and the resources available for providing and paying for services. In countries with fewer freely available services, economic status plays a larger role in determining health-care utilization.

Among older adults, the need for health services is greater, and often the resources available are fewer. Many nations have programs in place to provide health services to elderly persons, although these vary dramatically in the generosity of coverage. Nations such as Thailand, Taiwan, and several European countries offer free medical care. Some countries offer restricted health services.

Many developing nations do not offer health services to the elderly at all. One of the key differences between older and younger people is that older people may need custodial care because of high levels of disability. This type of care is often not included within the formal health-care system. The growing importance of severe disability with age and the lack of services for the disabled put older persons at risk.

- Could you specify which healthcare facilities are being referred to and how they impact refugee children's access to care?
- Can you provide specific examples of how economic status influences healthcare utilization for refugee children in Türkiye?
- How do the healthcare utilization patterns of refugee children compare to those of the local population?

Declarations

Potential competing interests: No potential competing interests to declare.