

Review of: "Analyzing Policy to Address Infant Mortality in High-Risk Populations"

Ason Mohammed¹

¹ University of Arkansas for Medical Sciences, United States

Potential competing interests: No potential competing interests to declare.

This article offers a well-researched and insightful policy analysis on infant mortality in high-risk populations. It highlights the key disparities and proposes relevant interventions, though it would benefit from more specific policy actions and a deeper exploration of social determinants. Overall, the article makes a significant contribution to the discussion on reducing infant mortality in vulnerable populations and could serve as a useful resource for policymakers.

Clarify the Scope of Recommendations: While the recommendations provided are valuable, the article could benefit from more actionable and specific policy recommendations. For example, offering a clear blueprint for developing and funding new programs to address identified disparities would make the conclusions more practical for policymakers.

Expand on Social Determinants: The article addresses social determinants of health but could expand further on how these determinants specifically affect Black and rural populations. More discussion on how these factors intersect and contribute to the disparities in infant mortality would provide deeper insights.

Comparison with Global Practices: The article mentions the success of infant mortality reduction strategies in countries like Finland and Australia. A more detailed comparison of U.S. policies with these international examples, including how they might be adapted to the U.S. context, would strengthen the argument for reform.