

Open Peer Review on Qeios

Sclerosteosis

INSERM

Source

INSERM. (1999). Orphanet: an online rare disease and orphan drug data base. Sclerosteosis. ORPHA:3152

Sclerosteosis is a very rare serious sclerosing hyperostosis syndrome characterized clinically by variable syndactyly and progressive skeletal overgrowth (particularly of the skull), resulting in distinctive facial features (mandibular overgrowth, frontal bossing, midfacial hypoplasia), cranial nerve entrapment causing facial palsy and deafness, and potentially lethal elevation of intracranial pressure.

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