

## Review of: "Traditional phytoremedies used by the midwives for the treatment of uterine prolapse in district Kathua, JKUT, India"

Aïmen Abbassi

Potential competing interests: No potential competing interests to declare.

I thank the editor for the opportunity given by reviewing this article. The whole manuscript is well written. My comments are listed below:

- please add the aim of the paper at the end of the introduction
- please specify on all the manuscript that the midwives recruited for this study are "traditional midwives"
- p5: "as this technique is considered best when the number of informants is less or their category is specific", I propose to replace the term less by few or small.
- it is important to highlight in a limits paragraph that the snowball method is not probabilistic and the sample may be not representative. This sampling method may induce a bias of selection that may impact heavily the results. For example, it is possible to say that a first midwife can advise to recruit a second with a link between the two of the master-learner type. So, we will find the same care techniques including medicinal plants.
- the formula is missed (last line of the methods section)
- only 25 midwives were recruited. I think that the number is quite insufficient. Since it is a population survey, I invite the
  authors to consider a main event such as the frequency of the traditional midwives in the Kathua district.
- · "All informants are female": it's obvious
- please associate in all the manuscript the number with the percentage (n,%).
- · please give the mean of the age
- how did the authors qualify the expertise of the midwives?
- p7, discussion section: "They were preferred over the doctors because, being women": I suppose that there are others factors such as accessibility, cultural context, ...
- I think that it is essential to discuss the main chemical composition of the various plants cited in this word. For exemple,
   Quercus infectoria is rich in tannins which are tonic.

Qeios ID: KTZ1IA · https://doi.org/10.32388/KTZ1IA