

Epiretinal membrane

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also called macular pucker (used in ICD coding),^[1] preretinal macular fibrosis,^[2] surface wrinkling retinopathy, epimacular proliferations, epiretinal fibrosis or gliosis, cellophane maculopathy, and preretinal membrane. Epiretinal membrane is a commonly occurring condition affecting the posterior pole of the retina over the macula. It appears as a greyish semi-translucent avascular membrane over the internal limiting membrane (ILM) on the surface of the retina. Etiology is unknown and can be seen as an idiopathic (IERM) condition or secondary to trauma, post intraocular surgery, chronic ocular diseases, etc. It progressively affects the central vision and causes metamorphopsia.

Online references:

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References

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