Autosomal dominant severe congenital neutropenia

INSERM

Source

INSERM. (1999). Orphanet: an online rare disease and orphan drug data base. Autosomal dominant severe congenital neutropenia. ORPHA:486

Autosomal dominant severe congenital neutropenia is a rare primary immunodeficiency disorder characterized by autosomal dominant inheritance, absolute neutrophil counts below 0.5x10E9/L in the peripheral blood (on three separate occasions over a six month period), granulopoiesis maturation arrest at the promyelocyte/myelocyte stage and early-onset, severe, recurrent bacterial infections.