Crigler-Najjar syndrome type 2

INSERM

Source

INSERM. (1999). Orphanet: an online rare disease and orphan drug data base. Crigler-Najjar syndrome type 2. ORPHA:79235

Type 2 Crigler-Najjar syndrome (CNS2) is a hereditary disorder of bilirubin metabolism characterized by unconjugated hyperbilirubinemia due to reduced and inducible activity of hepatic bilirubin glucuronosyltransferase (GT). CNS2 is a milder form of CNS than CNS1 (see these terms).