

Open Peer Review on Qeios

Helicoid peripapillary chorioretinal degeneration

INSFRM

Source

INSERM. (1999). Orphanet: an online rare disease and orphan drug data base. <u>Helicoid</u> <u>peripapillary chorioretinal degeneration</u>. ORPHA:86813

Helicoid peripapillary chorioretinal degeneration is a rare autosomal dominantly inherited chorioretinal degeneration disease, presenting at birth or infancy, characterized by progressive bilateral retinal and choroidal atrophy, appearing as lesions on the optic nerve and peripheral ocular fundus and leading to central vision loss. Congenital anterior polar cataracts are sometimes associated with this disease.

Qeios ID: MUQXS3 · https://doi.org/10.32388/MUQXS3