

Review of: "Covid-19 vaccine uptake and its associated factors among rural households in The Gambia: a community-based cross-sectional study"

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Potential competing interests: No potential competing interests to declare.

The manuscript, as a whole, is well-written and exhibits carefully conducted research. However, it has been observed that the sampling method adopted in the study may have resulted in a lower participation rate of male individuals. This could be attributed to the traditional gender roles that are prevalent when the household is the unit of sampling. Additionally, the methodology section is inadequate in explaining the implemented questionnaire, and the internal validity and reliability have not been mentioned. While a regression model has been referred to, there are no results available for this study.

The discussion section could benefit from a more comprehensive explanation of the findings, particularly regarding the inverse relationship between education and vaccination acceptance.

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