Familial atypical multiple mole melanoma syndrome

INSERM

Source

INSERM. (1999). Orphanet: an online rare disease and orphan drug data base. Familial atypical multiple mole melanoma syndrome. ORPHA:404560

Familial atypical multiple mole melanoma (FAMMM) syndrome is an inherited genodermatosis characterized by the presence of multiple melanocytic nevi (often >50) and a family history of melanoma as well as, in a subset of patients, an increased risk of developing pancreatic cancer (see this term) and other malignancies.