

**Open Peer Review on Qeios** 

# Latent autoimmune diabetes in adults (LADA)

National Diabetes Information Clearinghouse (NDIC)

### **Definitions**

#### **Diabetes**

Defined by National Diabetes Information Clearinghouse (NDIC)

#### Type 1 diabetes

Defined by National Diabetes Information Clearinghouse (NDIC)

#### Type 2 diabetes

Defined by National Diabetes Information Clearinghouse (NDIC)

#### Insulin

Defined by National Diabetes Information Clearinghouse (NDIC)

#### Injection

Defined by National Diabetes Information Clearinghouse (NDIC)

#### **Antibodies**

Defined by National Diabetes Information Clearinghouse (NDIC)

#### Beta cel

Defined by National Diabetes Information Clearinghouse (NDIC)

#### **Pancreas**

Defined by National Diabetes Information Clearinghouse (NDIC)

## Blood glucose level

Defined by National Diabetes Information Clearinghouse (NDIC)

## Source

National Diabetes Information Clearinghouse (U.S.). (2009). <u>The diabetes dictionary.</u> [Bethesda, Md.]: U.S. Dept. of Health and Human Services, National Institutes of Health, National Institute of Diabetes and Digestive and Kidney Diseases, National Diabetes Information Clearinghouse.

A type of *diabetes*, usually first diagnosed after age 30, in which people show signs of both *type 1 diabetes* and *type 2 diabetes*. Most people with LADA still produce their own *insulin* when first diagnosed and do not require insulin *injections*. Some experts believe that LADA is a slowly developing kind of type 1 diabetes because patients have *antibodies* against the insulin- producing *beta cells* in the *pancreas*. Several years after diagnosis, people with LADA must take insulin to control *blood glucose levels*.