

Review of: "Using a Health and Demographic Surveillance System to Assess Stillbirths Trends and Risk Factors in Siaya County, Kenya between 2008 and 2019"

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Potential competing interests: No potential competing interests to declare.

The research objectives were not clearly stated.

In the research results, it is not explained why stillbirth at the age of 13-18 is very low, while the incidence at healthy reproductive age is actually increasing.

Why does Rarieda district show the highest incidence?

and why the stillbirths incidence was decreased? Is it only because the ANC program has caused a decrease in the incidence of stillbirth? OR is it because the effects of the post-election violence have ended?

the **strengths** of the article : This article uses large data, starting from 2008-2018. with a total research sample of 63, 465 secondary data.

weaknesses of the article : there is no clarity on the reliability and accuracy of the data used

There are no explanation of the cause of the stillbirth that occurred there, is it medical or social? So, from the research results it is only recommended to improve the frequency of ANC, it does not mention the quality of the ANC carried out/ANC program