

# Review of: "Horizon and curvature"

Yuhang Liu<sup>1</sup>

<sup>1</sup> Peking University

**Potential competing interests:** No potential competing interests to declare.

I'm a differential geometer and the topic of this paper sounds interesting to me.

However from a mathematician's perspective, some concepts in the paper still lack explanation. For example, In Theorem 3.3, *"Let  $\Gamma$  be  $C^2$  curve delimiting a strictly convex compact domain with positive curvature everywhere."* Is  $\Gamma$  a planar curve? Is the domain a subset of the plane or the 2-sphere? It seems that the domain is contained in 2-sphere, since it has positive curvature.

Same question in Corollary 3.4. *"If for a  $C^2$  surface  $S$  delimiting a strictly convex domain with positive curvature everywhere", Where is the surface  $S$ , and what is the convex domain? Is the convex domain 2-dimensional or 3-dimensional? How could a surface bound a 2-dimensional domain? I'm very confused at the spatial relations of those objects. Maybe a picture could help explain.*