

Review of: "Mycetoma in Animals a Review of Cases Reported From 1925-2022; Epidemiology and Management Strategies"

Daniel Elad¹

1 Hebrew University of Jerusalem

Potential competing interests: No potential competing interests to declare.

While this review is, in my opinion, worth publishing, it needs some editing as detailed below:

- 1. Substantial spelling and grammar corrections must be made. Some, but not all, are detailed below.
- 2. Make sure species names in binomials are not capitalized.
- 3. Statements in the introduction need references.
- 4. The plural of "mycetoma" is "mycetomata"; however, "mycetoma cases" can be used.
- 5. Due to the extensive reclassification of the Pseudallescheria/Scedosporium group, and since the species involved in mycetoma cases before said reclassification is unknown, I suggest using the term "Scedosporium/Pseudallescheria complex," as is done in the second part of the manuscript.
- 6. Our knowledge as to the geographic distribution of mycetoma cases may be influenced by local awareness and interest of specific researchers. I think this should be mentioned at the end of the first paragraph on page 3, ending with "subtropical or tropical disease."
- 7. Please correct "Farcinia" to "farcinica" and "asteroids" to "asteroides."
- 8. Table pages 5-6: Binomials united into one word. Please correct.
- 9. Please correct "Curvularia geniculate" to "Curvularia geniculata."
- 10. I suggest replacing "pseudomycetoma" with "dermatophytic mycetoma."
- 11. Please use the term "partially acid fast" instead of "acid fast" for Nocardia.
- 12. "Tomato soup" is not a very scientific term. I suggest "hemorrhagic-purulent" instead.
- 13. It is worth noting, after "high recurrence rates," that when eumycetoma infections recur, they are often refractory to the same treatment that was effective the first time around.
- 14. Please use the full generic names of drugs, eventually followed by the abbreviation: trimethoprim-sulfamethoxazole (TMP-SMX). Same for co-amoxiclav.