

Review of: "Perceived Social Support as a Predictive Factor of Fatigue and Quality of Life Among Healthcare Professionals in Greece"

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The document reports a relevant investigation. However, in the introduction, the meaning of the concept of quality of life under a theoretical position is not clear. Rather, it infers a similarity to mental health conditions (whose test (GHQ-28) records symptomatology). The statistical analyses are appropriate but do not match the title of the document. However, statistical evidence is shown that social support is a protective factor against fatigue and physical symptoms, anxiety and insomnia, social dysfunction, and severe depression (this section is not supported in depth in the introduction. That is, if only two or three items are able to identify severe depression). Therefore, the discussion is partial. I suggest that the theoretical position of the variables (social support as a predictor of fatigue and mental health symptoms) be analyzed so that the discussion can offer an analysis of the results.