

Review of: "Case of Lajpat Nagar Market in New Delhi: Creation and execution of street vendor survey for observing public health and order in a non-vending zone."

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Potential competing interests: No potential competing interests to declare.

This is a very sensitive title of research relating to public health in general and public convenience in particular. It's high time that the authorities concerned should take strong direction from this particular study and implement and regulate the public convenience spaces that are being misused, as found in this study (footpaths, pedestrian areas used for permanent vending, stationary vending blocking access to shops and establishments in case of any emergency, also weakening the public security of the area).

Street vending poses risks to public health and security by creating blockages in public areas, obstructing pedestrian flow, and causing a lot of inconvenience to the public.

In the study, it is found that during emergency situations, since the public areas are full of vendors, public safety and emergency services are not able to reach affected areas of the market.

This title will bring awareness among the masses and regulatory authorities.

Data from the study illustrates the risks to public health and safety.

Data from the study highlights the public health and safety risks caused by street vending in the Lajpat Nagar market.

Recommendations: The authorities should balance the enforcement of the no-vending policy with the vendors' right to livelihood, based on the findings of this study, by allocating alternate spaces for vending. Like in Chandigarh city, vending piazzas are allocated for vendors, and spaces have been earmarked for vending activities in the markets of the city of Chandigarh.

Needs Grammarly editing.

Strongly recommend this title for publication.