

Review of: "Correlation Between HbA1c and Body Mass Index Among Patients with High Lipid Profile Attending Johns Hopkins Aramco Healthcare Hospital in Saudi Arabia"

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Potential competing interests: No potential competing interests to declare.

The paper titled "Correlation Between HbA1c and Body Mass Index Among Patients with High Lipid Profile Attending Johns Hopkins Aramco Healthcare Hospital in Saudi Arabia" is written well in general; however, the discussion needs improvement. Both body mass index (BMI) (Bali Medical Journal 2018;7(3): 650-653. DOI:10.15562/bmj.v7i3.806) and HbA1c (Acta facultatis medicae Naissensis 2022; 39(1):66-73. DOI: 10.5937/afmnai39-33239) are correlated with inflammatory markers. On the other hand, type 2 DM (Expert Review of Endocrinology & Metabolism 2023;18(3):255-265. DOI: 10.1080/17446651.2023.2204941) and other conditions that are characterized by high serum lipids, such as hepatosteatosis (Rev Assoc Med Bras 2021;67(4):549-554. DOI: 10.1590/1806-9282.20201005), and diabetic nephropathy (Postgraduate Medicine 2023;135(5):519-523. DOI:10.1080/00325481.2023.2214058), are also associated with inflammation. Hence, discuss the correlation between BMI and HbA1c through the inflammation window.

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