Review of: "Biosensors are very small electrodes with nanometer size and cellular dimensions that can detect chemical species through the stabilization of certain enzymes on their surface."

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Potential competing interests: No potential competing interests to declare.

Biosensors are very small electrodes with nanometer size and cellular dimensions that can detect chemical species through the stabilization of certain enzymes on their surface. or the desired biological have become sensitive in cells.

Using these nano sensors (nano bio sensors) it is possible to identify very small amounts of chemical pollution or virus and bacteria in the agricultural and food system. Research in the field of nano-tools is one of the most up-to-date scientific researches in the world. With the introduction of science and nanotechnology and the possibility of making electrodes on a very small scale, it became possible to make nanometer sensors. These sensors were named nanobiosensors (biological nanosensors) due to their nanometer size and application in biological environments.

These nanosensors are used to detect and determine the amount of species in biological systems. This technique is a very useful method in detecting the passage of some molecules through the cell wall or membrane.

These sensors were named nanobiosensors (biological nanosensors) due to their nanometer size and application in biological environments. Biosensors are very small electrodes with nanometer size and cellular dimensions that can detect chemical species through the stabilization of certain enzymes on their surface. or the desired biological have become sensitive in cells. These nanosensors are used to detect and determine the amount of species in biological systems. This technique is a very useful method in detecting the passage of some molecules through the cell wall or membrane.

References


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