

Review of: "Instrumentation and High-Speed Photodetector-Based Measurements Reveal Limited Support for the Existence of the Human Aura"

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This article elaborates on the investigation of Human aura utilizing a photomultiplier. The introduction starts with an extensive literature review and nicely defines the aims of this article. However, the "materials and Methods section" is poorly described. The measurement setup needs further clarification, while the idea of how to measure the photons emanating from the Human aura should be clearer. It seems that two different approaches are considered:

- 1. To measure the photons spontaneously emanating from the Human aura.
- 2. To illuminate the space around the body part where the Human aura is expected by a "monochromator" which scans its photons wavelengths from the ultraviolet, through the optical region and going into the ultraviolet.

While the first approach is not clearly justified it seems more logical. The second approach lacks the mechanism of how the illuminating photons are interacting with the Human aura. Why photons of specific wavelength passing through the Human aura would undergo some change?

From what I have read in the published literature the observation of Human aura is usually observed by placing the living organ tissue in a high electric field pulsed around 1200 KHz (if a remember correctly) and then it is photograph using sensors sensitive beyond the optical spectrum, whole the whole setup is enclosed inside a dark room. The idea therein is that the pulsed electric field amplifies the Human aura field (suppose to be similar to electrical discharges) making it strong enough to be recorder by the utilized sensor (photographic film or camera).

The main question is what is the corresponding idea herein??