Review of: "The brassinosteroid biosynthesis gene TaD11-2A controls grain size and its elite haplotype improves wheat grain yields"

shaokui Wang¹

¹ South China Agricultural University

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The authors showed that the *TaD11* could regulate the wheat grain size through BR biosynthesis pathway. And it was also supported that the *TaD11* was a pleiotropic gene.

These researches have a positive effect upon the further interpretation of the plant height , grain yield and grain quality in wheat and even in orther crops.