Review of: "[Research Note] Long COVID in Mexico – Research Efforts"

Aimée Argüero-Fonseca[1]

1 Universidad Autónoma de Nayarit

Potential competing interests: No potential competing interests to declare.

The comprehensive characterization of the Mexican population affected by Long COVID from multiple cities underscores the diversity of its impact. The prominence of the female gender and the identification of main risk factors, such as obesity, diabetes, and hypertension, offer critical insights for tailored care. The primary symptom of persistent fatigue, along with other noteworthy manifestations like dyspnea, headache, insomnia, memory disturbances, anxiety, and depression, highlights the multifaceted nature of the condition. Very interesting