Review of: "Comparison of Vegetation Community Diversity, Biomass, and Sediment Properties among Constructed and Reference Salt Marshes at Deer Island, Mississippi, U.S.A."

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Potential competing interests: No potential competing interests to declare.

Comments:

This study presents the future of salt marsh restoration using two BU sediments as they were transplanted to create a Juncus-dominated wetland demonstrating the health of the salt marshes in the north GoM will require successful colonization of J. roemerianus, either by cultivation or natural recruitment, as this species is A staple of the healthy bogs of this region.

General comments:

The manuscript is very good and important as it presented solutions to restore the salt marshes, where they were planted to create wetlands dominated by certain types of vegetation, which indicates the health of the salt marshes, whether by cultivation or natural recruitment, as these types are essential elements in healthy marshes in different regions.

However, it is only flawed by the large number of pages, as it reaches 40 pages.

Judgment

Level of interest: An article of importance in their field

Quality of written English: very good

Decision: Accept submission