

# Review of: "Evaluation of Diabetes Risk Score Tool for Detecting Undiagnosed Type 2 Diabetes Mellitus in Attendees of Referral Clinics at Primary Health Care Centers, Sudan"

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Potential competing interests: No potential competing interests to declare.

The manuscript, "Evaluation of Diabetes Risk Score Tool for Detecting Undiagnosed Type 2 Diabetes Mellitus," assesses the efficacy of the Diabetes Risk Score (DRS) tool in Sudan. Focused on attendees of referral clinics in Khartoum State, the study contributes to diabetes screening literature in the Middle East and North Africa. While insightful, peer review suggests improvements. The paper should explicitly state its unique contribution, provide a clearer justification for inclusion/exclusion criteria, and reconsider the alignment of Table 2 for enhanced coherence. Tables and figures should be reviewed for better alignment with research objectives, and the results section organized to prioritize key findings. Accurate representation of the sole figure is crucial. Additionally, explicit discussions on the prevalence of undiagnosed diabetes and the DRS tool's effectiveness are needed. Addressing these points through careful revision is essential for clarity, coherence, and scientific rigor, ensuring successful acceptance and impact in diabetes screening and prevention research.