

Review of: "Liver Function Test Abnormalities and Associated Factors Among Liver Disease Patients at the University of Gondar Comprehensive Specialized Hospital Northwest, Ethiopia: Cross Sectional Study"

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Potential competing interests: No potential competing interests to declare.

First of all, a well-written article.

Article requires few changes:

1. Abstract:

Results: Among 307 patients, <u>117</u> (38.11%, 95% CI: 32.64%, 43.57%), <u>212</u> (69.06%; 95% CI: 63.85%, 74.25%), <u>168</u> (54.72%, 95% CI: 49.12%, 60.32%), <u>171</u> (55.70%, 95% CI: 50.11%, 61.28%) patients had abnormal <u>ALT</u>, <u>AST</u>, and <u>total</u> <u>bilirubin</u>, respectively-

ONE PIECE OF DATA IS MORE THAN THE ABNORMALITY WRITTEN- MODIFY ACCORDINGLY

2. Operational definitions

Habit of feeding vegetables: It is a consistent action to integrate a variety of vegetables into one's diet or meal plan [13].

Habit of feeding meat: It is the consumption of animal-derived proteins such as beef, poultry, pork, fish, or other meats as a primary source of nutrition in one's daily diet.

3. Structured inclusion and exclusion criteria need to be written

4. Page 4/17 under Results:

On the other hand, about 51 (16.61%), 39 (12.70%), and 33 (10.75%) were anemic, had a history of blood transfusions, and had heart disease- In **TABLE 1-HEART DISEASE AND NUMBER WITH PERCENTAGE DOESN'T MATCH-MODIFY ACCORDINGLY**

The authors have done a good job from Ethiopia's perspective as very little data is available from the study area. Having said that, the findings the authors have found are quite established by other authors in other parts of the world and



provide no new information. At the same time, this epidemiological data will be beneficial in implementing better health programmes in the country.