

# Review of: "Knowledge of Risk Associated with Exposure to Per- and Polyfluoroalkyl Substances in Abuja, Nigeria"

Asude Hanedar<sup>1</sup>

<sup>1</sup> Namik Kemal University

**Potential competing interests:** No potential competing interests to declare.

The article discusses a research study aimed at uncovering public awareness regarding the risks associated with PFOS and PFOA in Abuja, Nigeria. A self-designed questionnaire was employed, utilizing random sampling techniques, with a study cohort comprising 400 individuals. To enhance the scientific aspects of the article, several major corrections should be made:

- The title should be revised to enhance clarity and comprehension.
- Given that the study focuses on personal exposure risks, the introduction section should be expanded to encompass pertinent topics such as human-exposure risks, transportation via the food chain, and atmospheric dispersion of the compounds under investigation.
- In the study, it should give information about the study area (population, population ratio to the entire country, socio-economic conditions, etc.)
- The purpose and format of Diagram 1 needs clarification.
- Within the results section, findings from the questionnaire should be presented using figures, diagrams, or other illustrative means to enhance comprehension.
- A "discussion" section was created by repeating the table with only percentage values. In fact, the results in this section need to be evaluated in more detail with literature knowledge. The results of studies (surveys) conducted in different parts of the world about these or similar pollutants should be compared.
- Such literature survey studies should be mentioned in the introduction section as well.