

Review of: ""Saving the Forest" with a REDD+ Project: Socio-Ecological Repercussions on Indigenous People in Cambodia"

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This article is very important because it shows the other side of the international carbon market. It addresses programs developed by environmental institutions that aim to reduce carbon emissions but maintain the high consumption of natural resources appropriate for a small portion of human beings. Furthermore, these programs help to remove their real protectors from the forest. In Brazil, monoculture for export is the main driver of deforestation, while protected areas, including indigenous lands, are covered by the most preserved forests. In addition to the great importance of the topic, the article respects the principles of academic studies. It cites several articles and presents the methods applied in collecting the data.

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