

Review of: "Women In Slum Risking Their Safety To Access And Usage Of Basic Water And Sanitation Facilities"

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Potential competing interests: No potential competing interests to declare.

The paper offers an insightful analysis of the challenges women face and presents findings based on extensive literature review and data analysis.

Strengths:

- 1. Comprehensive Literature Review: The paper provides a thorough review of existing literature on the topic, covering a range of slum settings from different parts of the world. This comprehensive approach helps readers understand the global scope of the issue and the common challenges faced by women in various slum environments.
- 2. Data Analysis: The authors use data analysis to present percentages of different forms of violence against women, helping to quantify the extent of the problem. This data-driven approach adds credibility to the paper's findings.
- 3. Multifaceted Approach: The paper examines various aspects of the problem, including infrastructure, lighting, security, access to water and sanitation facilities, and social factors like caste discrimination. This multifaceted approach provides a holistic understanding of the issue.
- 4. Real-life Examples: The inclusion of real-life examples, such as images and maps, adds a visual dimension to the paper and helps readers grasp the challenges women face more vividly.
- 5. Policy Implications: The paper discusses the need for policies to address the issues highlighted in the study. This emphasis on policy implications shows the authors' commitment to finding practical solutions to the problem.

Weaknesses:

- 1. Lack of Primary Research: The paper heavily relies on existing literature, which limits its originality. Conducting primary research or surveys in specific slum areas could have provided more in-depth insights and firsthand accounts from the affected women.
- 2. Policy Recommendations: While the paper acknowledges the need for policies to address the issue, it could have provided more specific and actionable policy recommendations based on the findings. Offering practical solutions can enhance the paper's impact.
- 3. Citation Format: The paper lacks a standardized citation format, which can make it difficult for readers to locate the sources mentioned in the text. Adopting a consistent citation style would improve the paper's clarity and professionalism.

The conclusion and recommendations provided in the article do address some of the weaknesses highlighted in the



earlier sections of the article. They acknowledge the challenges faced by women in slums regarding sanitation facilities, including factors that make them vulnerable to violence and harassment. They also point out the deficiencies and lack of planning in government policies and the consequences of such shortcomings.

However, there are some areas where the conclusion and recommendations could be further strengthened:

- Specificity: While the recommendations mention the need for proper lighting and security around sanitation facilities, they could benefit from being more specific. For example, they could recommend installing security cameras, increasing police patrols, or engaging the community in providing security for these areas.
- 2. **Inclusivity**: The recommendations rightly highlight the importance of women's involvement in decision-making and policy implementation. Still, they could emphasize the need for a more comprehensive and inclusive approach that involves the entire community, including men, in addressing these issues. Engaging men and raising awareness among them about the challenges women face can be instrumental in creating safer environments.
- 3. **Financial Accessibility**: While the recommendations touch upon reducing fees for using community toilet complexes (CTCs), they could delve deeper into addressing the financial barriers faced by women. This could include exploring options for subsidies or microfinance programs specifically designed to help women install household toilets.
- 4. **Infrastructure and Maintenance**: The recommendations briefly touch on the need for improved infrastructure features like trash cans and well-maintained facilities. Expanding on this point could include suggestions for regular maintenance schedules and involving local communities in the upkeep of these facilities.
- 5. **Extended Operating Hours**: The point about extending the operating hours of CTCs and PTs is crucial. However, specific recommendations regarding how to implement this, such as staggered shifts for caretakers or community volunteers, could be beneficial.
- 6. **NGO and Community Involvement** The recommendation about community mobilization strategies is essential, but it could provide examples of successful community mobilization initiatives or suggest ways to empower local communities to take an active role in monitoring and evaluating water and sanitation services.

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