Hypogonadotropic hypogonadism-retinitis pigmentosa syndrome

INSERM

Source

INSERM. (1999). Orphanet: an online rare disease and orphan drug data base. Hypogonadotropic hypogonadism-retinitis pigmentosa syndrome. ORPHA:2235

This syndrome is characterized by the association of hypogonadotropic hypogonadism (with primary amenorrhea and lack of secondary sexual development) and retinitis pigmentosa (see this term). It has been described in two sisters born to nonconsanguineous parents.