Open Peer Review on Qeios

Schimke immuno-osseous dysplasia

INSERM

Source

INSERM. (1999). Orphanet: an online rare disease and orphan drug data base. Schimke immuno-osseous dysplasia. ORPHA:1830

Schimke immuno-osseous dysplasia (SIOD) is a multisystem disorder characterized by spondyloepiphyseal dysplasia and disproportionate short stature, facial dysmorphism, T-cell immunodeficiency, and glomerulonephritis with nephrotic syndrome.