

Review of: "There is high prevalence of overnutrition among married and cohabiting women in Nigeria: Findings from the 2018 Nigeria Demographic and Health Survey"

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Potential competing interests: No potential competing interests to declare.

Congratulations to the authors for the successful completion of the manuscript.

Here are some suggestions/comments that need to be addressed

- "Multi-level logistic regression" was stated when describing the data analysis, but in reality, what was done is NOT multi-level analysis, but multivariate/multivariable analysis
- 2. Kindly include relevant statistics (95% CI, p-value and AOR) when reporting the predictors of over-nutrition in the abstract
- 3. in the abstract, you noted that rural dwellers had higher odds for over-nutrition, but this is the opposite of what was reported in the body of the manuscript, I guess it was a mistake. Kindly review
- 4. Although you had stated earlier that you wanted to identify the predictors of over-nutrition, but later in the background you talked of determining the impact of marriage on over-nutrition. identifying the predictors of over-nutrition, is very different from determining the impact of marriage on over-nutrition. You did NOT determine the impact of marriage on over-nutrition in this study, so kindly take this off
- 5. Assessing the nutritional status of women < 20 years cannot be done as for adults (ie using BMI as you have done).</p>
 You will have to use the BMI-for-age reference values by either the World Health Organization or the International
 Obesity Task Force, or any other way you choose (with appropriate references)
- 6. Just to note that an AOR of 6.1 for example, should be translated as having 6.1 times higher odds. Saying 6.1 times more likely may not be technically correct